# Supporting Autistic Students in Making Social Connections: The UCLA PEERS® Model



#### **Dr. Christine Moody**

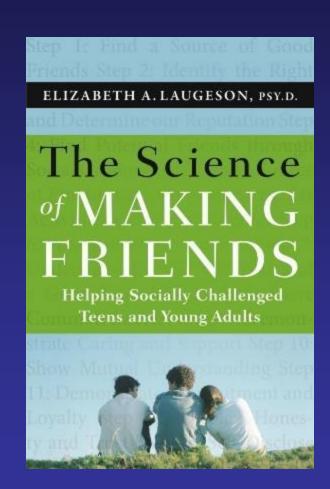
Director of Research, UCLA PEERS Clinic
Postsecondary Education and Employment Specialist, UCLA Tarjan Center

#### Disclosure Statement

Dr. Moody is being compensated by the WNYRCASD and The Summit Center and has no other financial or nonfinancial disclosures to report.

#### **Overview**

- Common social challenges among autistic youth
- Consequences of social challenges and peer rejection
- PEERS® intervention strategies
  - Starting and entering conversations
  - Handling teasing
- Research summary
  - Meta-Analysis on PEERS®
- Resources



## Common Social Challenges Among Autistic Youth

Photo of PEERS® courtesy of Associated Press

- Social communication differences
- Difficulty interpreting social cues and social landscape
- Lower social engagement
- Poor social cognition
- Challenges with conflict resolution



## Consequences of Social Challenges for Autistic Youth

- Very few close reciprocal friendships
- Poor friendship quality
- Social isolation and loneliness
- High rates of peer victimization



# Consequences of Peer Rejection During Adolescence

- Depression, anxiety
- Low self-esteem
- Poor academic performance
- Substance abuse
- Suicidal ideation and attempts

Photo of PEERS® courtesy of Associated Press



### Why Target Friendships?

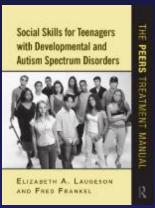
### Having one or two close friends:

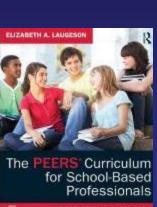
- Predicts later adjustment in life
- Can buffer the impact of stressful life events
- Correlates positively with:
  - Self-esteem
  - Independence
- Correlates negatively with:
  - Depression
  - Anxiety

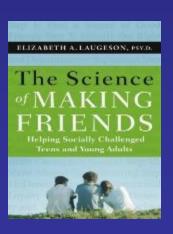


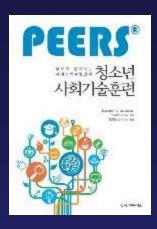
#### **Background about PEERS**®

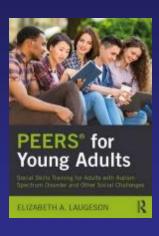
- International Program:
  - Developed at UCLA in 2004
  - Adolescent program has been translated into over a dozen languages
- Evidence-Based Social Skills Programs:
  - PEERS® for Preschoolers
  - PEERS<sup>®</sup> for Adolescents
  - PEERS® for Young Adults
- Research Programs:
  - PEERS® for Careers
  - PEERS® for Dating











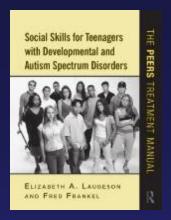


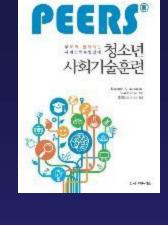




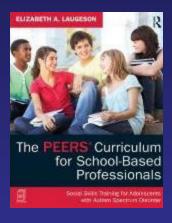
## Unique Aspects of PEERS®

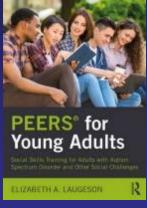
- One of the only evidencebased social skills programs
- Only teaches ecologically valid social skills
  - Teaches rules and steps followed by socially successful people
- Parent or caregiver assisted
- Cross-culturally adapted across the globe

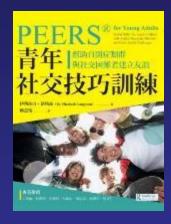


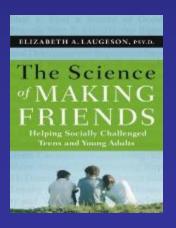












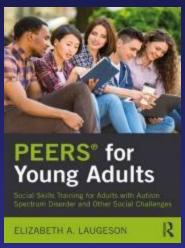


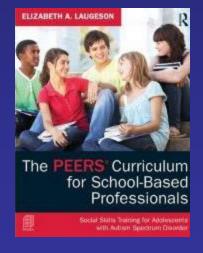


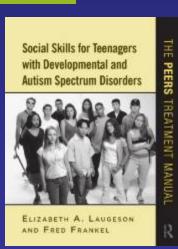
#### PEERS® Targeted Social Skills

### Friendship and Romantic Relationship Skills:

- Finding and choosing good friends
- Finding and choosing romantic partners (adults)
- Conversational skills
- Starting and entering conversations
- Exiting conversations
- Electronic communication
- Appropriate use of humor
- Get-togethers
- Good sportsmanship (teens)
- Dating etiquette (adults)
  - Letting someone know you like them
  - Asking someone on a date
  - Organizing and planning a date
  - General dating do's and don'ts



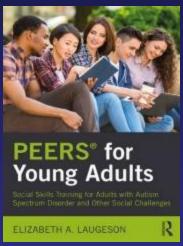


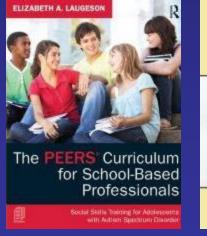


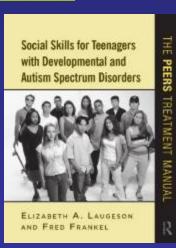
### PEERS® Targeted Social Skills

#### Managing Conflict and Rejection Skills:

- Dating etiquette (adults)
  - Taking no for an answer
  - Politely turning someone down for a date
  - Handling unwanted dating pressure
- Handling arguments
- Changing a bad reputation (teens)
- Handling direct bullying
  - Teasing and embarrassing feedback
  - Physical bullying
- Handling indirect bullying
  - Cyber bullying
  - Rumors and gossip







# PEERS® Evidence-Based Methods for Teaching Social Skills

- Small group format
- Didactic lessons
  - Concrete rules and steps of social etiquette
  - Ecologically valid social skills
  - Socratic method of teaching
- Role-play demonstrations
  - Appropriate and inappropriate demonstrations
  - Perspective taking questions
- Behavioral rehearsal exercises
  - Practice skills with coaching
- Homework assignments
- Caregiver-assisted

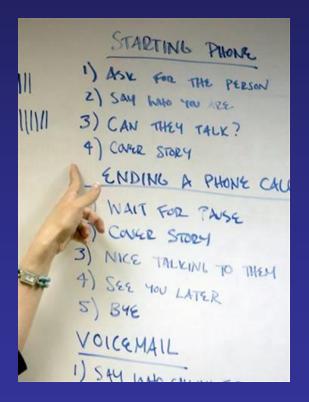


(Matson, 1984; Davies & Rogers, 1985; Fleming & Fleming, 1982; Mesibov, 1984; Gresham, Sugai, & Horner, 2001; Gralinski & Kopp, 1993; Rubin & Sloman, 1984, Frankel & Myatt, 2003; Rao, Beidel, & Murray, 2008; Laugeson et al., 2008)

# Development of PEERS® Rules and Steps of Social Behavior

- Ecologically valid social skills
  - "socially helpful"
- Common social errors committed by autistic youth
  - "socially risky"
- Decode and create clear strategies/rules related ecologically valid skills and common social errors
- Break steps down into concrete parts

Photo of PEERS® courtesy of Associated Press



## What to Expect from PEERS® The Importance of Choice

- Each week we review strategies related to making and keeping friends that have been shown to be:
  - Socially helpful
  - Socially risky
- Learning and/or using the strategies taught in PEERS® should NOT be about changing a person
- Learning and using these skills should be about enhancing social interactions so others can appreciate who we already are
- Ultimately, learning and/or using the strategies taught in PEERS® will be YOUR CHOICE

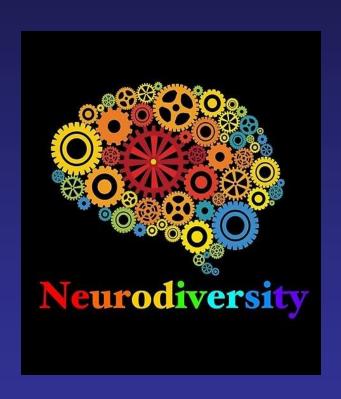






## What to Expect from PEERS® The Role of Neurodiversity

- Neurodiversity means people have different ways of thinking
- We should respect the role of neurodiversity when learning new social strategies
- Differences do not make us less or more than
- There are strengths in neurodiversity
- PEERS® is a strengths-based approach





### PEERS® Neuroaffirming Pledge

- We value neurodiversity, acceptance, and authenticity
- We honor the diverse ways people experience the world
- We respect each person's unique perspectives and communication styles
- We recognize there is no one right way to connect with others
- If using the strategies taught in PEERS® feels like camouflaging or masking, and/or they don't align with your goals, then you do not have to use them
- Learning and using the skills taught in PEERS® is a PERSONAL CHOICE





### **Audience Questions**

Building on the idea of choice, PEERS® has a strong value of ensuring that the teens and adults are intrinsically socially motivated.

- Why would it be important to confirm that youth WANT to learn ecologically valid social skills when enrolling in social skills programming?
- What could be the harm in including youth in social skills treatment who do not want to be there?

## **Importance of Intrinsic Social Motivation**

- Social skills programs should be voluntary
- Participants should be intrinsically motivated to learn the skills
- Including youth that do not want to learn the skills will also result in:
  - "Too cool for school" syndrome
  - Unwillingness to learn and benefit from the program
  - Negative contagion
  - Unsafe environment for others to learn
- Not ethical to force the learning of social skills onto others
  - It is also NOT ethical to withhold treatment from those that want to learn social skills



# Starting and Entering Conversations

#### **QUESTION**

If your goal is to make and keep friends, what are most people told to do to meet new people?







### Starting Individual Conversations In-Person Socially Risky Behavior

#### **QUESTION:**

If your goal is to make and keep friends, what are some socially risky behaviors to avoid when starting an individual conversation IN-PERSON?







### Starting Individual Conversations In-Person Socially Helpful Behavior

- 1. Casually look over
- 2. Use a prop
- 3. Find a common interest
- 4. Mention the common interest
  - Make a comment
  - Ask a question
  - Give a compliment
- 5. Trade information
- 6. Assess interest
  - Are they looking at you?
  - Are they facing you?
  - Are they talking to you?
- 7. Introduce yourself (only if you haven't met and they seem interested)





#### **Entering Group Conversations In-Person Socially Risky Behavior**

#### **QUESTION:**

If your goal is to make and keep friends, what are some socially risky behaviors to avoid when entering a group conversation IN-PERSON?







#### **Entering Group Conversations In-Person Socially Helpful Behavior**

- 1. Watch and listen
  - Use a prop
  - Identify the topic
  - Find a common interest
- 2. Move closer
- 3. Wait for a pause
- 4. Mention the topic
- 5. Introduce yourself



### **Handling Teasing**

#### **QUESTIONS:**

What are most young people told to do in response to teasing?

Do those strategies usually work?





### Handling Teasing Socially Helpful Behavior

- Act like what the person said did not bother you
- Provide a SHORT COMEBACK that shows what the person said was stupid:
  - Whatever!
  - So what?
  - Big deal!
  - Who cares?
  - Yeah and?
  - And your point is?
  - Am I supposed to care?
  - Is that supposed to be funny?
  - Tell me when you get to the funny part
  - Tell me when you get to the punchline
  - Anyway... (Good comeback to walk away on)
- Then walk away or remove yourself





### **Teasing Comebacks (Gabe)**





### **Teasing Comebacks (Elina)**







### PEERS® Research Snapshot: Meta-Analysis of PEERS® for Autistic Adolescents

(Zheng, Kim, Salzman, Ankenman, & Bent, 2021)

Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders https://doi.org/10.1007/s10803-021-04885-1

**ORIGINAL PAPER** 



Improving Social Knowledge and Skills among Adolescents with Autism: Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of UCLA PEERS® for Adolescents

Shuting Zheng<sup>1</sup> • Hosanna Kim<sup>1</sup> • Emma Salzman<sup>1</sup> • Katy Ankenman<sup>1</sup> • Stephen Bent<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Accepted: 12 January 2021

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# Overview of Results from Meta-Analysis of PEERS® for Autistic Adolescents: Social Skills Knowledge (TASSK)

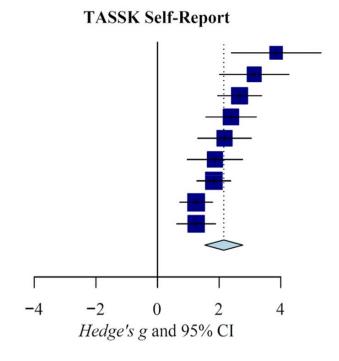
(Zheng, Kim, Salzman, Ankenman, & Bent, 2021)

**Fig. 3** Forest plot for pooled effect size on TASSK adolescent self-report

**Large Effect Sizes** 

Study Names	g (95% CI)
Matthews et al., 2018	3.85 [2.40, 5.30]
Laugeson et al., 2012	3.14 [2.01, 4.27]
Schohl et al., 2014	2.66 [1.95, 3.38]
Rabin et al., 2018	2.39 [1.57, 3.20]
Laugeson et al., 2009	2.17 [1.30, 3.04]
Yamada et al., 2020	1.86 [0.97, 2.76]
Laugeson et al., 2014	1.83 [1.28, 2.37]
Shum et al., 2019	1.25 [0.72, 1.78]
Yoo et al., 2014	1.25 [0.62, 1.88]
Total	2.15 [1.54, 2.77]

Heterogeneity:  $I^2 = 71\%$ 

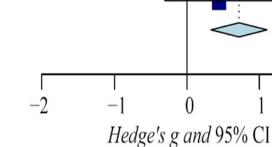


# Overview of Results from Meta-Analysis of PEERS® for Autistic Adolescents: Social Responsiveness (SRS-2)

(Zheng, Kim, Salzman, Ankenman, & Bent, 2021)

Fig. 5 Forest plot for pooled		
effect size on SRS parent report.		
The effect sizes were reversed		
to positive numbers to show		
improvements in favor of the		
PEERS group, i.e., lower scores		
or decreases in social com-		
munication impairments in the		
PEERS groups		

<b>Study Names</b>	g (95% CI)
Laugeson et al., 2012	1.34 [ 0.34; 2.35]
Schohl et al., 2014	0.90 [ 0.36; 1.44]
Matthews et al., 2018	0.67 [-0.20; 1.53]
Shum et al., 2019	0.52 [ 0.03; 1.00]
Yamada et al., 2020	0.44 [-0.31; 1.19]
Total	0.72 [ 0.33; 1.10]



**SRS Parent Report** 

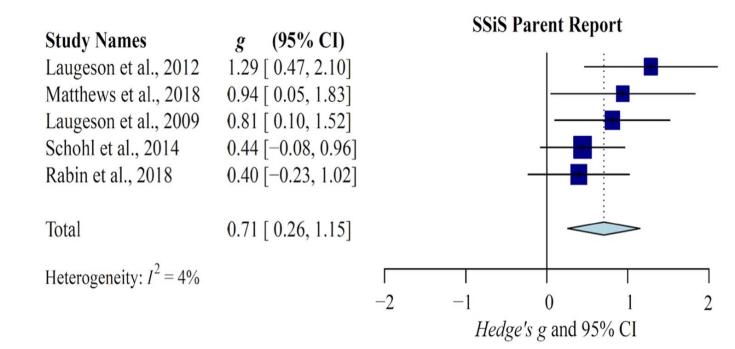
Medium to Large Effect Sizes

# Overview of Results from Meta-Analysis of PEERS® for Autistic Adolescents: Overall Social Skills (SSiS)

(Zheng, Kim, Salzman, Ankenman, & Bent, 2021)

Fig. 4	Forest	plot f	or pool	led
effect	size on	SSiS	parent	report

Medium to Large Effect Sizes



# Overview of Results from Meta-Analysis of PEERS® for Autistic Adolescents: Social Engagement – Self-Report (QSQ-A)

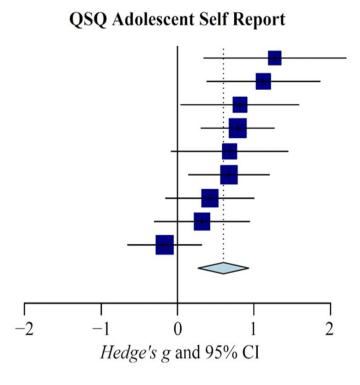
(Zheng, Kim, Salzman, Ankenman, & Bent, 2021)

**Fig. 6** Forest plot for pooled effect size on QSQ adolescent self-report

Small to Large Effect Sizes

<b>Study Names</b>	g (95% CI)
Matthews et al., 2018	1.27 [ 0.35; 2.20]
Laugeson et al., 2009	1.12 [ 0.39; 1.86]
Laugeson et al., 2012	0.82 [ 0.05; 1.59]
Laugeson et al., 2014	0.79 [ 0.31; 1.27]
Yamada et al., 2020	0.68 [-0.08; 1.45]
Schohl et al., 2014	0.68 [ 0.15; 1.20]
Yoo et al., 2014	0.42 [-0.15; 1.00]
Rabin et al., 2018	0.32 [-0.30; 0.94]
Shum et al., 2019	-0.17[-0.65; 0.32]
Total	0.60 [ 0.27; 0.93]

Heterogeneity:  $I^2 = 49\%$ 



### PEERS® Research Snapshot: Long-term Follow-up Study

(Mandelberg, Laugeson, Cunningham, Ellingsen, Bates, & Frankel 2013)

Journal of Mental Health Research in Intellectual Disabilities, 7:45–73, 2014 Copyright © Taylor & Francis Group, LLC ISSN: 1931-5864 print/1931-5872 online DOI: 10.1080/19315864.2012.730600



#### Long-Term Treatment Outcomes for Parent-Assisted Social Skills Training for Adolescents With Autism Spectrum Disorders: The UCLA PEERS Program

#### JOSH MANDELBERG

Department of Pediatrics University of California, Los Angeles

#### ELIZABETH ANN LAUGESON

Psychiatry
University of California, Los Angeles

#### TINA D. CUNNINGHAM

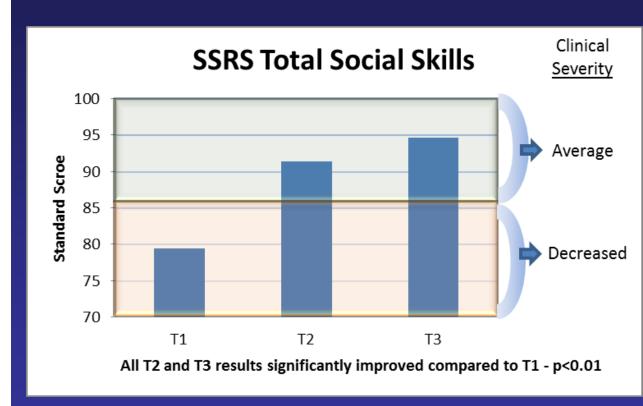
Graduate Program in Public Health Eastern Virginia Medical School

#### **RUTH ELLINGSEN**

Psychology University of California, Los Angeles

#### SHANNON BATES AND FRED FRANKEL

Psychiatry University of California, Los Angeles



### PEERS® Research Snapshot: In-Person vs Telehealth Delivery

(Estabillo, Moody, Poulhazan, Adery, Denluck, & Laugeson, 2022)

Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders https://doi.org/10.1007/s10803-022-05580-5

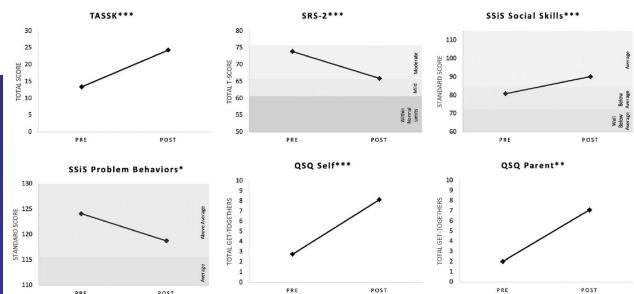
S.I. :EXPANDING TELEHEALTH OPPORTUNITIES IN NEURODEVELOPMENTAL DISORDERS



#### Efficacy of PEERS® for Adolescents via Telehealth Delivery

Jasper A. Estabillo<sup>1,2</sup> · Christine T. Moody<sup>1</sup> · Solene J. Poulhazan<sup>1</sup> · Laura H. Adery<sup>1</sup> · Elizabeth M. Denluck<sup>1,3</sup> · Elizabeth A. Laugeson<sup>1</sup>

Accepted: 18 April 2022 © The Author(s) 2022



#### School Based PEERS® for Autistic Adolescents

(Laugeson, Ellingsen, Sanderson, Tucci, & Bates 2014)

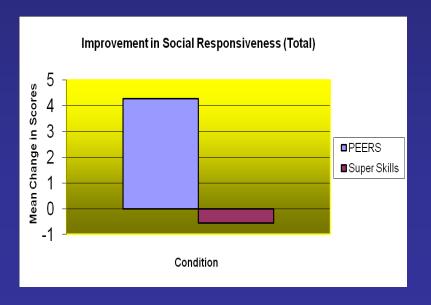
J Autism Dev Disord DOI 10.1007/s10803-014-2108-8

ORIGINAL PAPER

The ABC's of Teaching Social Skills to Adolescents with Autism Spectrum Disorder in the Classroom: The UCLA PEERS® Program

Elizabeth A. Laugeson · Ruth Ellingsen · Jennifer Sanderson · Lara Tucci · Shannon Bates



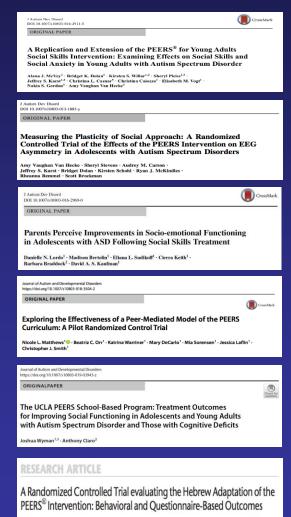


### PEERS® Research Evidence

### https://www.semel.ucla.edu/peers/research



Keith C. Radley 10 - Kate A. Helbig 2 - Ashley N. Murphy 2 - Morgan G. McCargo 2 - Elizabeth L. Lown 2



Shai Joseph Rabin, Sandra Israel-Yaacov, Elizabeth A. Laugeson, Irit Mor-Snir, and Ofer Golan 💿



Examining the Efficacy of an Adapted Version of the UCLA PEERS® Program with Canadian Adolescents

Loredana Marchica M.A.

Miranda D'Amico Ph.D.

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ORIGINAL PAPER

Examining the Treatment Efficacy of PEERS in Japan: Improving Social Skills Among Adolescents with Autism Spectrum Disorder

Tomoko Yamada<sup>12</sup>. Yui Miura<sup>1</sup>. Manabu Ol<sup>12</sup>. Nozomi Akatsuka<sup>12</sup>. Kazumi Tanaka<sup>4</sup>. Naotake Tsukidate<sup>3</sup>. Tomoka Yamamoto<sup>1</sup>. Hiroko Okuno<sup>1</sup>. Mariko Nakansishi<sup>1</sup>. Masako Taniike<sup>1</sup>. ikuko Mohri<sup>1</sup>. Elizabeth A. Laugeson<sup>1</sup>.

JAMES DE DEOSE
DOI 18.1007-01080-017-3121-5

BRIEF REPORT

Brief Report: Does Gender Matter in Intervention for ASD?
Examining the Impact of the PEERS® Social Skills Intervention on Social Behavior Among Females with ASD

Alam J. McVq<sup>3</sup> - Hillery Schills<sup>3</sup> - Angles Henords<sup>3</sup> - Heridget K. Dolan<sup>3</sup> - Kirsten S. Willer<sup>32</sup> - Shery Fleis<sup>33</sup> - Jeffrey S. Karat<sup>4</sup> - Audrey M. Carson<sup>54</sup> - Christina Calogos' - Elisabeth Vog' - Any Yughan Van Beckel

ORIGINAL PAPER

The ABC's of Teaching Social Skills to Adolescents with Autism

The ABC's of Teaching Social Skills to Adolescents with Autist Spectrum Disorder in the Classroom: The UCLA PEERS® Program

Elizabeth A. Laugeson · Ruth Ellingsen · Jennifer Sanderson · Lara Tucci · Shannon Bates

Examination of a Parent-Assisted, Friendship-Building Program for Adolescents With ADHD Journal of Attention Disorders
1–11
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DOI: 10.1177/1087054715588188
Jadsagopub.com
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Denise M. Gardner<sup>1</sup>, Alyson C. Gerdes<sup>1</sup>, and Kelsey Weinberger

Charles Barre

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Predicting treatment success in social skills training for adolescents with autism spectrum disorders: The UCLA Program for the Education and Enrichment of Relational Skills

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Ya-Chih Changi, Elizabeth A Laugesoni, Alexander Gantmani, Ruth Ellingseni, Fred Frankeli and Ashley R Dilloni

Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders https://doi.org/10.1007/s10803-017-3396-6

ORIGINAL PAPER

•

Changes in Depressive Symptoms Among Adolescents with ASD Completing the PEERS\* Social Skills Intervention

Hillary K. Schiltz<sup>1</sup> - Alana J. McVey<sup>1</sup> - Bridget K. Dolan<sup>1</sup> - Kirsten S. Willar<sup>1</sup> - Sheryl Pleiss<sup>1,2</sup> - Jeffrey S. Karst<sup>1,3</sup> -Audrey M. Carson<sup>1,4</sup> - Christina Calozzo<sup>1</sup> - Elisabeth M. Vogt<sup>1</sup> - Brianna D. Yund<sup>5</sup> - Amy Vaughan Van Hecke<sup>1</sup>

J Autism Dev Disord DOI 10.1007/s10803-014-2231-6 ORIGINAL PAPER

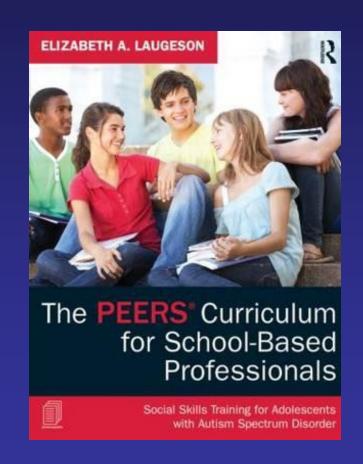
Parent and Family Outcomes of PEERS: A Social Skills Intervention for Adolescents with Autism Spectrum Disorder

Jeffrey S. Karst · Amy Vaughan Van Hecke Audrey M. Carson · Sheryl Stevens · Kirsten Schohl · Bridget Dolan



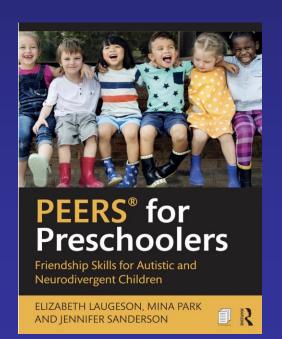
## PEERS® Manuals: School-Based Professionals

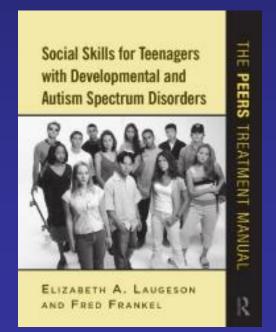
- 16-week curriculum, with optional 30-60 minute daily lesson plans
- Includes weekly comprehensive parent handouts
  - No parent group
- Available on Amazon and where books are sold

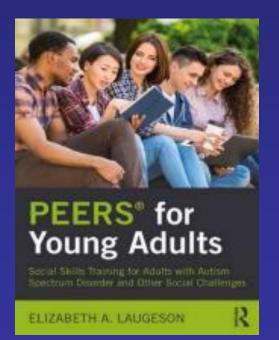


## PEERS® Manuals: Caregiver-Assisted Preschool, Adolescent, and YA

- Caregiver-assisted
- 14- or 16-week curriculum
- Weekly 90-minute sessions
- Available on Amazon and where books are sold







## PEERS® Training Seminars

- Certified Teleconferences at UCLA:
  - Adolescent: April 2025
  - School-Based: June 2025
  - Preschool: July 2025
  - Young Adult: September 2025
- 3-day teleconference to become PEERS® Certified Provider
- Session by session breakdown with video clips
- \$500 per professional
- Additional opportunity for Q&A



mww.semel.ucla.edu/peers/training

· Over 100 role-play videos

PowerPoint slides for telehealth delivery

### **UCLA PEERS® Virtual Boot Camp**

Open to all, including children, teens, young adults, parents, professionals, and educators.



### PEERS® VIRTUAL BOOT CAMP

Includes 35 PRE-RECORDED EPISODES covering ALL PEERS® skills

PRESENTED BY DR. ELIZABETH LAUGESON, DEVELOPER OF PEERS®, FOUNDER AND DIRECTOR, UCLA PEERS® CLINIC

To register: peersclinic@ucla.edu (310) 267-3377

### **Topics Covered:**

Friendship skills
Dating etiquette
Conversational skills
Conflict resolution
Handling bullying

GO AT YOUR OWN PACE while receiving instruction on concrete rules and steps of social etiquette, video role-play demonstrations, and suggestions for practicing skills at the end of every episode.

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- 35 episodes
- Covers ALL the skills taught in PEERS®
- Go at your own pace
- Available on the UCLA PEERS YouTube Channel
- Access never expires

# FREE PEERS® Role-Play Video Library





www.semel.ucla.edu/peers/resources

FOR MORE INFORMATION: 310-26-PEERS
PEERSCLINIC@UCLA.EDU



## FREE PEERS® App









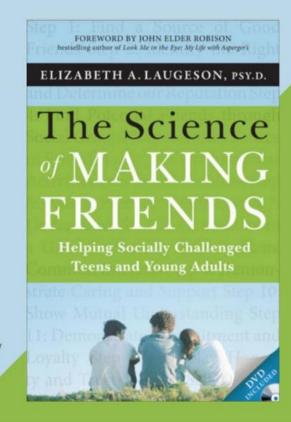
"The Science of Making Friends: Helping Socially Challenged Teens and Young Adults" offers parents a step-by-step guide to making and keeping friends for teens and young adults with social challenges.

From Dr. Elizabeth Laugeson of the worldrenowned UCLA PEERS® Clinic, this book includes:

- Chapter summaries for teens and young adults
- Chapter exercises and homework
- Companion DVD with our PEERS® role-play videos



WWW.SEMEL.UCLA.EDU/ PEERS/RESOURCES



- Parent book
- Friendship skills
- Handling peer rejection and conflict
- Parent section
  - Narrative lessons
  - Social coaching tips
- Chapter summaries for teens and young adults
- Chapter exercises / homework
- Companion DVD
  - Role-play videos

## CINCAL SERVICES

## UCLA PEERS® Clinical and Educational Programs

- Clinical and Educational offerings for families and students
- Friendship focused programs for:
  - Preschoolers
  - Adolescents
  - Adults
- Accepting referrals worldwide
- Autism, ADHD, anxiety, depression, and other social challenges



#### NOW ENROLLING FAMILIES

- PEERS® for Adolescents is an evidence-based social skills program for adolescents in middle and high school who are interested in making and keeping friends and/or handling conflict and rejection.
- Adolescents and parents attend 16 weekly group sessions for 90 minutes per week.
- Participants are taught social skills through didactic lessons and role-play demonstrations, and practice these skills during group socialization activities.
- Parents attend separate sessions simultaneously and are taught how to assist adolescents in making and keeping friends (parent participation is required).

#### Participants will learn about:

- · Developing and maintaining friendships
- Conversational skills
- · Entering and exiting conversations
- Appropriate use of humor
   Handling disagreements
- Electronic communication
- Being a good sport
- Organizing get-togethers
   Handling teasing and bullying
- · Changing a reputation

For more information: (310) 267-3377 peersclinic@ucla.edu www.semel.ucla.edu/peers

TELEHEALTH AND IN-PERSON OPTIONS AVAILABLE









ARE YOU AUTISTIC?
ARE YOU LOOKING FOR A JOB?

### **FREE TRAINING**

**FOR CAREERS IN** 

**BIOMANUFACTURING** 

This research study includes a 6-month program teaching employment-related social skills, handson training for biomanufacturing careers, and a guaranteed interview with a biotech company.

### **QUALIFICATIONS**

- Some college experience (e.g., community college, four-year university, career technical education)
- ✓ Between 18-35 years of age
- Currently seeking employment and have an interest in the biomanufacturing industry
- ✓ Identify as autistic

APPLY NOW →

CollegeToCareer@mednet.ucla.edu

https://nctm.tamu.edu/Neuropipes/

(310) 267-3377









# PEERS® for Careers NeuroPIPES Program

Soft Skills related to employment success

Hard Skills in biomanufacturing

Industry interviews





# UCLA PEERS® for Dating Research Study

- 20-week program
- Dating skills for autistic young adults
- Comparing telehealth to inperson





## FREE UCLA Dating Program for Autistic Adults



This UCLA research study examines the effectiveness of **PEERS®FOR DATING**, a 20-week social skills program to help autistic adults learn skills to find and maintain healthy romantic relationships.

- Conversational skills
- Flirting and asking someone on a date
- Mating do's and don'ts
- Navigating boundaries and conflict



## **CONTACT INFORMATION**

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